THE RST SYSTEM

Readability

1--Unreadable

2--Barely readable, occasional words distinguishable.

3--Readable with considerable difficulty.

- 4--Readable with practically no difficulty.
- 5--Perfectly readable.

Strength (Signal strength can be read from the S meter when receiving.)

- 1--Faint signals, barely perceptible.
- 2--Very weak signals.
- **3--**Weak signals.
- **4--**Fair signals.
- **5--**Fairly good signals.
- **6--**Good signals.
- 7--Moderately strong signals.
- **8**--Strong signals.
- **9**--Extremely strong signals.

Tone

- 1--Sixty cycle ac or less, very rough and broad.
- 2--Very rough ac, very harsh and broad.
- **3**--Rough ac tone, rectified but not filtered.
- **4**--Rough note, some trace of filtering.
- 5--Filtered rectified ac but strongly ripple-modulated.
- **6**--Filtered tone, definite trace of ripple modulation.
- 7--Near pure tone, trace of ripple modulation.
- **8**--Near perfect tone, slight trace of modulation.
- 9--Perfect tone, no trace of ripple or modulation of any kind.

- Signal reports are exchanged when Ham Radio operators contact each other.
- For Morse code (CW) communications, all three are used. A very good signal report would be 599.
- For voice communications, only readability and strength are used. A very good signal report would be 59.

⁻⁻⁻⁻⁻⁻